

Year 6 Curriculum Plan

Curriculum Intent:

We endeavour to provide rich and first-hand learning opportunities that evolve from our strong curriculum drivers which promote: *Cultural Diversity, Curiosity, Community, and Character.* These opportunities intend to take children beyond their everyday experiences and inspire them to excel.

'It's ultimately the purpose of education to cultivate the love of learning for its own sake'

Child's labour -The children's reform acts) Lord Shaftsbury, Weston Super Mare – new Victorian seaside town Key Texts (key topic text) Child's labour -The children's reform acts) Lord Shaftsbury, Weston Super Mare – new Victorian seaside town Towns and cities, hills and mountains, seas and coast and major rivers. Towns and cities, hills and mountains, seas and coast and major rivers. Lord Shaftsbury, Weston Super Mare – new Victorian seaside town Towns and cities, hills and movement, First World War, 1950's, 1960's and 1970's. How did we get to modern day medicine? History of health care and medicines through the ages – Roman, Medieval, Tudor, Victorian, 20th and 21st Century and today Street child, Oliver Twist, Black beauty, Railway children Street child, Oliver Twist, Black beauty, Christmas Carol Street child, Oliver Twist, Black beauty, Christmas Carol Street child, Oliver Twist, Black beauty, Christmas Carol Macbeth, Poetry – narrative poetry – The highwayman		Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Educational Visits Democracy Rule of law Respect Tolerance Individual Liberty Individual Liberty Transfer drama days	School values	School vision	care	aspire	respect	excel	reflect
Educational Visits Remembrance Service Christmas Singing at Church hall	Learning Powers		resilience	co-operative	reflective	Curiosity	
Christmas Singing at Cource Church hall	British Values	Democracy	Rule of law	Respect	Tolerance	Individual Liberty	Individual Liberty
PSHE & Jigsaw Topic (Enquiry Question) Question) Question Question Are Personal Street child, Oliver Twist, (key topic text) Purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Possible of the purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Possible of the purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Purposeful outcome/showcase Possible outcome/showcase Po	Educational Visits		Christmas Singing at	<u>'</u>	Residential Hooke Court	Fun Yr.6 After SATs trip	Transfer drama days
Topic (Enquiry Question) Full Steam ahead — What was it like to be a child in was it like to be a child in Question) Queen Victoria case study, The first railways — linked to The Strawberry line — How have women's role changed through history? (Queen Victoria case study, The first railways — linked to The Strawberry line — How has Winscombe Changed? Child's labour -The children's reform acts) Lord Shaftsbury, Weston Super Mare — new Victorian seaside town Weston Super Mare — new Victorian seaside town Victorian seaside town Street child, Oliver Twist, (key topic text) children Purposeful outcome/showcase The children produce and speak about their timeline of key events in Victorian 20 Persuasive speech to Parliament about the poor in Victorian 20 Pankhurst / Shackleton. Was he/she a hero or not? Pankhurst / Shackleton. Was he/she a hero or not? Pankhurst / Shackleton or not? Pankhurst / Shackleton. Was he/she a hero or not? Pankhurst / Shackleton. Was he/she a hero or not? Pankhurst / Shackleton. Was he/she a hero or not? Pankhurst / Shackleton. Was he/she a hero or not? Pankhurst / Shackleton in Victorian and pank and pa	WOW Events	Victorian school day		DT Day		Creative arts week	DT week
Cluentify Question Queen Victoria's Britain? (Queen Victoria'c set study, The first railways—linked to The Strawberry line—How has Winscombe Changed? Child's labour—The children's reform acts) Lord Shaftsbury, Weston Super Mare—new Victorian seaside town Street child, Oliver Twist, (key topic text) Purposeful outcome/showcase	PSHE & Jigsaw	Being me in the world	Celebrating differences	Dreams and goals	Healthy me	Changing me	Relationships
Rey topic text Black beauty, Railway children Black beauty, Christmas Trap, Macbeth Carol Trap, Macbeth Narrative poetry – The highwayman Creative arts weeks Creative arts weeks Creative Sci – fi Myth of the speak about their timeline of key events in Victorian Victorian England New topic text Black beauty, Christmas Trap, Macbeth Narrative poetry – The highwayman Creative poetry – The highwayman Creative arts weeks Creative arts weeks Creative Sci – fi Myth of the and can speak about heroes of the 20th Century as a Department of the Kingdom of Benin.	(Enquiry	was it like to be a child in Queen Victoria's Britain? (Queen Victoria case study, The first railways – linked to The Strawberry line – How has Winscombe Changed? Child's labour -The children's reform acts) Lord Shaftsbury, Weston Super Mare – new Victorian	you locate features of the UK? Locate and identify the following: Key geography feature, counties of U.K, towns and cities, hills and mountains, seas and coast	How have women's roles changed through history? Exploring the role of women in the following: Ancient times to the Renaissance,17 th ,18 th and 19 th Century, suffrage movement, First World War, 1950's,1960's and 1970's. How did we get to modern day medicine? History of health care and medicines through the ages – Roman, Medieval, Tudor, Victorian, 20 th and 21 st	use maps and grid references to explore the local area? Exploring the following locally: land use, settlements, climate zones, explore rivers, mountains	Kingdom of Benin? (A Non- European society – Benin Kingdom. AD900) Where was the kingdom? Who was in charge? What was their trade? Did they have a religion? What did ordinary people do? What was the Golden age? Why did the	special about Africa? Exploring the following: identify and locate African countries, Western Africa and Nigeria, Northern Africa and Morocco, Central Africa and Tanzania, Sothern
outcome/showcase speak about their timeline of key events in Victorian of large in Victorian speak about their timeline of large in Victorian speak about their timeline of he/she a hero or not? Pankhurst /Shackleton. Was he/she a hero or not? Pankhurst /Shackleton. Was of the 20 th Century as a decline of the Kingdom of Benin.	(key topic text)	Black beauty, Railway children	Black beauty, Christmas Carol	Trap, Macbeth	narrative poetry – The highwayman		
English Control of the Control of th	outcome/showcase	speak about their timeline of key events in Victorian	Parliament about the poor	Pankhurst /Shackleton. Was	and can speak about heroes of the 20 th Century as a		_

Writing Genre & Outcome	Narrative Writing Letters, Diaries linked to Writing, Continuation of stories Reports – Non chronological, biography, Science experiments write up. Poetry - Children will write poems which will be made into class/ year books and illustrated by the children.	Narrative writing: Suspense writing - Escape plan linked to book, Description of a character letters - Persuasive letter, Non Chronological report.	Narrative writing: linked to book. Children will write biographies of Emily Pankhurst, Ernest Shackleton. Non Chronological report linked to science. Science experiment record and Science Explanations, Discussion / debate whether Shackleton was a hero or not	Persuasion and letter writing, Non-fiction writing linked to Science: Non Chronological report, Explanation, Biography linked to topic. Poetry – Kennings, Haiku, limericks	Writing – Fable, Myths, Legends.	Link to KS2 production - Drama – Play scripts and plays
	Outcome: The above and Victoria's/Brunel's biography	Outcome: The above and a persuasive speech to Parliament	Outcome: Write a discussion on Emily Pankhurst. Was she a hero or not?	Outcome: Persuasive letter to Amnesty International	Outcome: the above genres	Outcome: perform to an audience with confidence their playscript
Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation	Teaching will focus on: • using of the colon to introduce a list and use of semi-colons within lists • punctuating bullet points to list information consistently • using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun • using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely • using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility • using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis • linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices • using perfect forms of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause		using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing using hyphens to avoid ambiguity using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses using a colon to introduce a list punctuating bullet points consistently the difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, the use of question tags: He's your friend, isn't he?, or the use of subjunctive forms such as If I were or Were they to come in some very formal writing and speech] recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms use passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence		Teaching will focus on: • Consolidation and mastery of a	II statements
Spelling		Throughout the year,		Somerset Spelling Programme. ngs on the National Curriculum		
Spelling	-adding -ible and -able to verbs to form adjectives -adding -ly to words ending -ible and –able revising homophones	-adding -ant, -ance and - ancy, -ent, -ence and ency -understanding the origins of silent letters	-using a hyphen in some compound words -using a hyphen to join a prefix to a root word -spelling words ending in - cial and -tial	-spelling words ending in - cious and –tious -graphic strategies	-revision of all statements	School Production
Reading	Teaching will focus on master • continuing to read and discu • reading books that are structure.	ing: maintaining and continuin	er Twist, Street Child, Story of N g to develop positive attitudes t of fiction, non-fiction and refere ading for a range of purposes	o reading and understanding of	what they read by:	

- recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
- identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing
- making comparisons within and across books understanding what they read by:
- checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- asking questions to improve their understanding
- drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas
- identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning discussing and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader distinguishing between statements of fact and opinion retrieving, recording and presenting information from non-fiction participating in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously explaining and discussing their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary providing reasoned justifications for their views.

Spoken Language

Outcome: The children will learn to hold a simple discussion /debate with reference to children's reform Acts and the introduction of the railways

The teaching will focus on: giving well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings listening and responding appropriately to adults and their peers

- using relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
- articulating and justifying answers, arguments and opinions
- maintaining attention and participating actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- using spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring
- speaking audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- participating in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates

Outcome: The children will learn poetry to perform to their class and at the community's Remembrance Service

The teaching will focus on: speaking audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English

 participating in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates Outcome: Children will debate whether Shackleton was a hero or a coward for leaving his men and going to find help.

This issue will be debated as a class. Teaching will focus on: Teaching will focus on:

- listening and responding appropriately to adults and their peers
- articulating and justifying answers, arguments and opinions
- giving well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings
- maintaining attention and participating actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- speaking audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- participating in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates
- considering and evaluating different viewpoints, attending to and

Outcome: The children will learn to hold a simple discussion /debate with reference to children's plight e.g. street children around the world – Amnesty international link

The teaching will focus on: giving well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings listening and responding appropriately to adults and their peers

- using relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
- articulating and justifying answers, arguments and opinions
- maintaining attention and participating actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- using spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring
- speaking audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- participating in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates

Outcome: The children will be learning to take part in a staged production learning scripts and speaking clearly within a staged production.

The teaching will focus on: speaking audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English

- participating in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates
- gaining, maintaining and monitoring the interest of the listener(s)
- selecting and using appropriate registers for effective communication

Outcome: Children will practise and perform group pieces to be performed at the Leavers' assembly

The teaching will focus on: speaking audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English

- participating in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates
- gaining, maintaining and monitoring the interest of the listener(s)
- selecting and using appropriate registers for effective communication

	at	ns

Place Value

- read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
- use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
- solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above.

Four Operations

- multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context
- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in

Fractions

- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
- multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form divide proper fractions by whole numbers associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents for a simple fraction

Position and Direction

- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
- draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes.

Terminology: equivalent

Decimals

- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places
- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
- solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy **Percentages**

recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.

• use simple formulae

Algebra

- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

Terminology: equivalent, decimal point, formula, formulae equation unknown variable

Converting Units

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places
- convert between miles and kilometres

Perimeter, Area, Volume

- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes
- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3), and extending to other units [for example, mm3 and km3].

Ratio

- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts
- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison
- solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples. Terminology: ratio, calculate, estimate,

Properties of Shape

- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
- recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
- illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
- recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.

Problem Solving Terminology: dimensions, angles, nets, geometric, radius, diameter, circumference, classify

Transfer maths for Churchill/Investigations.

	the context of a problem, an	I		parallelogram, cubic, cubed,		
	appropriate degree of			conversion		
	_			Conversion		
	accuracy. Fractions					
	• use common factors to					
	simplify fractions; use common					
	multiples to express fractions					
	in the same denomination					
	 compare and order fractions, 					
	including fractions > 1					
	Terminology: divisor, dividend,					
	estimate, sum, product,					
	difference, multiplier, factor,					
	multiple, quotient,					
Science	Electricity	Light	The circulatory system, diet,	The circulatory system, diet,	Living things and their	Living things and their
	Working scientifically	Working Scientifically	exercise, drugs and lifestyle.	exercise, drugs and lifestyle.	habitats- Classification	habitats- Classification
		Troning serentineany	energies, arage and messyler	energise, arago ana mestyler	plants and animals	plants and animals
	Nachta a standa standa	I landa aska a dikla a sa a sa sa	I dentify and a sure the contin	December the former test	plants and animals	plants and animals
	Making simple circuits –	Understand the concept	Identify and name the main	Recognise the impact of		
	series	that travel in straight lines	parts of the human	diet, exercise, drugs and	Describe how living things	Describe how living things
	Recognising the correct	– How can we prove it?	circulatory system and	lifestyle on the way their	are classified into broad	are classified into broad
	symbol	Explanation of shadows	describe the functions of	bodies function	groups according to	groups according to
	Drawing circuit diagrams	due to straight path of light	the heart, blood vessels and		common observable	common observable
	using the correct symbols	and same shape as object.	blood		plants and animals	plants and animals
	Testing and creating		blood		I -	'
	0	Recognise how we see			- give reasons for	- give reasons for
	hypothesis – more lamps	things - from light source			classifying plants and	classifying plants and
	dimmer the light	into eye,			animals based on specifics	animals based on specifics
	Comparing and giving		Linked to English writing	Linked to English writing	Characteristics and based	Characteristics and based
	reasons for variations on		- Explanations and Non	Persuasions	on similarities and	on similarities and
	how components work.		chronological reports.		differences, including	differences, including
	-		cinonological reports.		_	_
	Science write ups.(Passive	6	6		microorganisms,	microorganisms,
	voice)	Scientist: Thomas Edison	Scientist: Anna Atkins, Carl	Scientist: Anna Atkins, Carl	characteristics.	characteristics.
	Scientist: Sir Isaac Newton		Linneaus	Linneaus	Scientists: William Harvey	Scientists: William Harvey
	Texts: True Tales of					
	Scientists.					
	Outcome: Making an	Outcome: Create a	Outcome: Drama niceos	Outcome: Poster about	Outcome: Classification	Outcome: Micro organism
	Outcome: Making an		Outcome: Drama pieces			Outcome: Micro -organism
	electric game about	periscope	explaining understanding	healthy living, Explanation	mobiles	information booklet
	Victorian topic – working		and creating a working	text about breathing,		
	circuits		diagram of the heart.			
Computing	Multimedia for RE/digital film	Programming – Scratch	Handling Data , Data logging –	Multimedia creating a healthy	Multimedia – My Minecraft	Technology in our lives –
Diversity	promoting the school Teaching	My Topic with Scratch	Check my fitness	living blog	Story	Sharing my knowledge
	will focus on:	Create a Times Table quiz	Teaching will focus on:	Programming - Rock My	Discuss rules for using	
Curiosity	-audience, atmosphere and	Plan a game adapting Times	Using data loggers and other	Microbit!	Minecraft	Talk about the online tools they
Flourishing	structure when planning a	Table quiz for a quiz game	devices to conduct an	Create an A / B / C response	Build the location of a class	could use to achieve a variety
	particular outcome.	Collect/create sound and	investigation into levels of	system to show answer to	story	of tasks
	- planning and creating a	image files to use Plan an	fitness (The activities will need	questions	Present their location to the	Describe the risks they may
	multimedia digital presentation	algorithm for a game	planning over time if children	Use a variable to create a score	class using descriptive	need to consider when using
		Program the game in Scratch	are carrying out the	board as a class for the teacher	language	the tools
			investigation in groups)	to show on the screen	in in the second	Help teachers to know about
		using variables to add a score	Socious in Broads,	to show on the screen		the online resources they
						the offine resources they

			Continue to test game while making it	- Presenting the findings of the investigation Answer My Questions • Consider data and information • Identify data about Olympics • Explore online databases • Plan an investigation using the databases • Present the outcomes of their investigation to others	Create a counter to keep score or to count exercises	Technology in our lives – Move My Information - • Build a list of the different services the Internet provides • Increase understanding of how the internet works • Present 'How the internet works' • Optional learning about redundancy and tracing where websites are hosted	could use to support different types of learning Multimedia - My Non-Linear Presentation Complete a basic skills checklist of skills biscuss non-linear presentations Plan a non- linear presentation based on a class topic Choose images for a topic and apply to a master slide Add internal hyperlinks, web links, animation, sound and transitions
		Outcome: Multimedia digital presentation – Promoting the school and info about Christianity	Outcome: Create an algorithm game	Outcome: produce the findings of the investigation	Outcome: Creating a healthy living Blog. Create a rock, paper, scissors game	Outcome: Use the snip tool to record a Minecraft location in their story and use it as a stimulus for their Mythical Mayan story	Outcome: Create a presentation for the Leavers assembly.
Div	Online Safety ersity urishing	Talking safely on line; The teaching will focus on: I am kind and responsible Agree class internet rules based on personal responsibilities. Include cyberbullying messages in Anti-bullying week.	Super Digital Citizen	Privacy rules The teaching will focus on: I am safe Keep personal details private, consider who you are talking to online and make sure a trusted adult knows what you are doing online. Use Safer Internet Day to focus on use of the internet and different technologies.	What's cyber bullying?	Selling stereotypes The teaching will focus on: I am healthy Consider age-appropriate and healthy use of technology. Include consideration of time spent using technology and recognition of appropriate websites	Selling stereotypes
	History	Full Steam ahead – What was it like to be a child in Queen Victoria's Britain? Teaching will focus on: The study of Queen Victoria's life, Poor children, Child labour Children's reform Act		Changing roles of women How have women's roles changed through history? Exploring the role of women in the following: Ancient times to the Renaissance,17th,18th and 19th Century, suffrage		What ever happened to the Kingdom of Benin? (A Non-European society – Benin Kingdom. AD900) Where was the kingdom? Who was in charge? What was their trade? Did they have a religion? What did ordinary people do? What was the	

	Schooling, Leisure time New innovations in Victorian Britain First railways – links to Strawberry line – Daily life		movement, First World War, 1950's,1960's and 1970's.		Golden age? Why did the Kingdom vanish?	
	Outcome: Biography of Queen Victoria, Non chronological report – working children, The introduction of the railways		Outcome: Letters home from a field hospital in WW1 and write a debate whether Shackleton was a hero or a coward for leaving his men and going to find help.		Outcome: Mayan Calendars painted and clay	Outcome: Creative Sci – fi Myth of the decline of the Mayan civilisation
Geography Curiosity Community Flourishing		The United Kingdom -Can you locate features of the UK? Locate and identify the following: Key geography feature, counties of U.K, towns and cities, hills and mountains, seas and coast and major rivers. Teaching will focus on: Location of physical and human features of the UK -Rivers, mountains, seas, Countries, capital cities		Our Local area – Can you use maps and grid references to explore the local area? Exploring the following locally: land use, settlements, climate zones, explore rivers, mountains and hills		Exploring Africa What is special about Africa? Exploring the following: identify and locate African countries, Western Africa and Nigeria, Northern Africa and Morocco, Central Africa and Tanzania, Sothern Africa and South Africa.
DT Curiosity Community Flourishing		Outcome: UK map jigsaw 3D Mechanical System CAMS – Moving Toy Context – The Victorians Teaching will focus on: Designing - using research and develop		Outcome: Maps drawn to display with presentations Textiles CAD – Mobile Phone Carrier Context – Personal Use Teaching will focus on: Designing		Outcome: Presentation on a part of Africa Structures Frames – Shelter Making Context – Africa Teaching will focus on: Designing - using research and develop
		design criteria to inform the design of functional, products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular groups		- using research and develop design criteria to inform the design of functional, products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular groups		design criteria to inform the design of functional, products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular groups

Art & Design	Collaboration and	- generating and communicating their ideas through discussion and annotated sketches Making - selecting from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately - investigating and analysing a range of existing products - applying their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures Evaluating - sharing toy with intended audience and reflecting on feedback Outcome: Moving toy to share with Year 1 reading buddy.	Working in 3D Take a Seat	- generating and communicating their ideas through discussion and annotated sketches Making - selecting from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately - investigating and analysing a range of existing products - applying their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures Evaluating -sharing product with intended audience and reflecting on feedback Outcome: Mobile phone carrier that is fit for purpose.	Print, Surface, Texture	- generating and communicating their ideas through discussion and annotated sketches Making - selecting from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks accurately - investigating and analysing a range of existing products - applying their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures Evaluating -sharing shelter with intended audience and reflecting on feedback Outcome: Shelter to be used whilst travelling in Africa.
Curiosity Community	Community Shadow Puppets		Take a Seat Context – relax after		Exploring Identity Context – moving schools	
Flourishing	Context – Victorian Children		exercise		Discover how artists use	
	Explore how traditional and contemporary artists use		Explore how craftspeople and designers bring		layers and juxtaposition to create artwork which	
	cutouts for artistic affect.		personality to their work.		explores identity. Make	
	Adapt their techniques to		Make a small model of a		your own layered portrait.	
	make their own shadow		chair which is full of			
	puppets.		personality.		Outron Brancont	
	Outcome: Shadow Puppets		Outcome: Create a chair to		Outcome: Represent your own identity in a layered	
	to tell a story and entertain.		reflect your own personality.		portrait.	
Music	Listen / appraise songs	Churchill Music Festival	Composition	Composition	Composition	Composition
Curiosity	Accompany songs with	Listen / appraise songs	Notation		School production	School production
Community	percussion	Accompany songs with	Time signatures		Public performance	Public performance
Flourishing	Improvise/Compose/Perfor m	percussion Improvise/Compose/Perfor				
		m				
RE	What does it mean to be part		What does it mean to be a Mu		What do people believe abou	t life?
Diversity	Christianity, The journey in th	e Christmas story	What do Muslim people believ	e about Islam and Iman?	(a) What feelings do people exp	perience in relation to change and
Curiosity	(a) How do Christians celebrate	e and live out their beliefs in:	What do Chuisting balls	and Calmatian 2 (United south	death?	
Community	i the journey of life?		What do Christians believe ab Easter)	out Salvation? (Links with	()	en by ourselves and by religions
Flourishing	ii their main festivals a	nd practices?	Laster		and beliefs to questions abo	
	iii their faith communit	ies?			(i) the origin and meaning	-
	iv the wider world?				(ii) our place in society a	nd the natural world?

	(b) Within the different Christian groups what are the most important similarities and key differences? Why do they differ? How do they seek to work together?				(iii) the existence of God (iv) the experience of su (v) life after death?	
	Outcome: Leaflet on Christianity	Outcome: A map of the journeys in the Christmas story	Outcome: Design of a prayer of Outcome: Design a model to outcome: Design a model to outcome:		Outcome: Zacchaeus story - 'fr most important part of the story	reeze-frame' representing the
Get Set 4 P.E poin and Invas	Gymnastics – Balance – points and patches – Floor and apparatus Invasion Games - Games for understanding - Basis netball skills - understand the need to attack or defend - use tactics to invade space	Dance – Learning the style of the Jitterbug Invasion Games - Games for understanding - Basis hockey skills - understand the need to attack or defend - use tactics to invade space - Create own game related to Hockey game	Dance – G Get Set 4 P.E - Banghra dance, Dances from the past – 1970's Disco, The jitterbug, The twist. Invasion Games - Games for understanding - Basis rugby skills - understand the need to attack or defend - Create own small game related to rugby	Gymnastics – balance – counter tension, flight to travel, sequences, cannon, partner work Outdoor and adventurous activities: Orienteering, Low ropes. Shelter building, archery Invasion Games - Games for understanding - Basis football skills - understand the need to attack or defend - Create own small game related to football	Athletics, - Running, jumping & throwing Net/Wall games — - Hand/racket eye co- ordination - Games for understanding - space Creation of own game 1v1. 2v2 Striking and fielding games — - Hand/bat eye co- ordination - Games for understanding - Creation of own game 1v1. 2v2	Athletics, - Running, jumping & throwing Striking and fielding games -
	Outcome: Perform a Gymnastic sequence involving points and patches – Creation of a simple netball type game	Outcome: Perform a jitterbug dance with a partner, Creation of a simple Hockey type game	Outcome: Perform a dance sequence with a partner and group, Creation of a rugby type game	Outcome: Perform a gymnastic sequence with a partner, Creation of a football type game	Outcome: Creation of a simple Striking and fielding games	Outcome: Creation of a simple Striking and fielding games
French Diversity Curiosity Flourishing	Notre école (Our school) Unit 15 Towns and cities in France Where I live French schools Places around school School subjects Counting to 30	Notre école (Our school) Unit 15 Objects in the classroom Prepositions Paris – famous places/places to visit. Christmas vocabulary Translating the Nativity Story Counting to 50 in ones and 60 in multiples of 10	Le passé et le présent (Then and now) Unit 16 Revise telling the time - o'clock and half past. Introduce quarter past Revisiting places in the locality Different types of shops Describing buildings - old/new, ugly/ beautiful Counting in multiples of 10 to 100	Le passé et le présent (Then and now) Unit 16 Comparing places - then and now Sentence building including past tense - There is/was Days and months of the year Saying the date including the year	Bon appétit (Enjoy your meal!) Unit 17 Cafe food Regional food Creating menus Using a French dictionary Counting to 100	Bon appétit (Enjoy your meal!) Unit 17 Saying what food I like At the cafe - role play Ordering drinks, snack and ice-creams Counting to 100+

			Counting in ones from 70- 100		
Outcome	Outcome: Leaflet about Paris	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome